# **COURSE DETAIL**

#### THE HUMAN CONDITION AND THE TOTALITARIAN EXPERIENCE

# **Country**

Germany

#### **Host Institution**

Free University of Berlin

## Program(s)

**European Studies** 

#### **UCEAP Course Level**

**Upper Division** 

## **UCEAP Subject Area(s)**

Psychology Political Science History

## **UCEAP Course Number**

103

### **UCEAP Course Suffix**

#### **UCEAP Official Title**

THE HUMAN CONDITION AND THE TOTALITARIAN EXPERIENCE

## **UCEAP Transcript Title**

**TOTALITARIANISM** 

## **UCEAP Quarter Units**

4.50

#### **UCEAP Semester Units**

3.00

### **Course Description**

This course begins by covering the classical concept of the totalitarian state, as developed by Hannah Arendt and others, taking Hitler and Stalin as their models. Subsequent modifications and debates regarding the theory of totalitarianism, especially in the Soviet Empire, are discussed. The course questions what popular attitudes and psychological reactions exist towards totalitarian atrocities, such as the Holocaust, and under what psychological conditions are individuals capable of offering resistance. While these phenomena may now appear to be bygones of merely historical interest, the psychological aspects of "totalitarian situations" remain acutely important, even in present-day democratic societies. The massacre in My Lai, the obedience experiments carried out by Stanley Milgram, and other psychological studies provide shocking evidence of how easily average citizens are in danger of behaving inhumanely in social situations.

## Language(s) of Instruction

English

### **Host Institution Course Number**

**FU-BEST 6** 

#### **Host Institution Course Title**

THE HUMAN CONDITION AND THE TOTALITARIAN EXPERIENCE

### **Host Institution Campus**

Free Univ. Berlin

# **Host Institution Faculty**

**Host Institution Degree** 

# **Host Institution Department**

**FU-BEST** 

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