# **COURSE DETAIL**

# CONTEMPORARY ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY: FRAMEWORKS AND APPLICATIONS

# **Country**

Denmark

#### **Host Institution**

University of Copenhagen

# Program(s)

University of Copenhagen

#### **UCEAP Course Level**

**Upper Division** 

# **UCEAP Subject Area(s)**

Sociology Economics

## **UCEAP Course Number**

103

#### **UCEAP Course Suffix**

#### **UCEAP Official Title**

CONTEMPORARY ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY: FRAMEWORKS AND APPLICATIONS

# **UCEAP Transcript Title**

CONTEMP ECON SOC

## **UCEAP Quarter Units**

6.00

#### **UCEAP Semester Units**

# **Course Description**

This course introduces the sub-discipline of economic sociology and discusses how this field is related both to other branches of sociology and to economics. It introduces core concepts and approaches in contemporary economic sociology, particularly sociological perspectives on markets, money, and the social embeddedness of these phenomena. The course also analyzes various types of social and economic phenomena by means of economic sociological concepts and theories. It is structured around the reading of Mark Granovetter's SOCIETY AND ECONOMY: FRAMEWORK AND PRINCIPLES (2017), which in an exemplary fashion rehearses many of the key concepts in contemporary economic sociology. The readings are supplemented with research papers that exemplify some of the issues dealt with in the book as well as additional concepts and perspectives in economic sociology. In parallel with the reading of course literature, students develop an economic sociological analysis of a case of their own choosing, applying and discussing core concepts in economic sociology.

# Language(s) of Instruction

English

#### **Host Institution Course Number**

ASOK22205U

#### **Host Institution Course Title**

CONTEMPORARY ECONOMIC SOCIOLOGY: FRAMEWORKS AND APPLICATIONS

# **Host Institution Campus**

## **Host Institution Faculty**

Social Sciences

### **Host Institution Degree**

Master

### **Host Institution Department**

Sociology

<u>Print</u>