# **COURSE DETAIL**

# **CASTLES, COLONISTS, AND CRANNOGS 1100-1350**

## **Country**

Ireland

#### **Host Institution**

University of Galway

## Program(s)

University of Galway

#### **UCEAP Course Level**

**Upper Division** 

## **UCEAP Subject Area(s)**

Archaeology Anthropology

# **UCEAP Course Number**

120

#### **UCEAP Course Suffix**

#### **UCEAP Official Title**

CASTLES, COLONISTS, AND CRANNOGS 1100-1350

## **UCEAP Transcript Title**

CASTLES 1100-1350

## **UCEAP Quarter Units**

4.00

#### **UCEAP Semester Units**

2.70

### **Course Description**

This course critically examines the archaeology of Ireland during the high medieval period from c.1100 until the second half of the 14th century. The background to the coming of the Anglo-Normans to Ireland in 1169 and the impact they had on the landscape are discussed in depth in the first part of the course. Themes for this section of the course include the role of castles, the manorial economy, trade, the foundation of villages, rural boroughs, and towns by mostly English immigrants and the growth of certain cities. Dispersed settlement in Anglo-Norman parts of eastern Ireland are also explored. In particular, in the first part of the course, the interplay between castle, town, and countryside in Anglo-Norman Ireland is examined in detail.

### Language(s) of Instruction

English

#### **Host Institution Course Number**

AR246

#### **Host Institution Course Title**

CASTLES, COLONISTS, AND CRANNOGS 1100-1350

### **Host Institution Campus**

University of Galway

# **Host Institution Faculty**

**Host Institution Degree** 

# **Host Institution Department**

Archaeology

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