# **COURSE DETAIL**

# **GLOBAL ECONOMIC HISTORY**

# **Country**

France

#### **Host Institution**

Institut d'Etudes Politiques (Sciences Po)

# Program(s)

Sciences Po Paris

#### **UCEAP Course Level**

**Upper Division** 

# **UCEAP Subject Area(s)**

**Economics** 

#### **UCEAP Course Number**

110

#### **UCEAP Course Suffix**

D

#### **UCEAP Official Title**

GLOBAL ECONOMIC HISTORY

# **UCEAP Transcript Title**

**GLOBAL ECON HIST** 

# **UCEAP Quarter Units**

4.50

#### **UCEAP Semester Units**

## **Course Description**

This course begins with the emergence of capitalism and industrialization in Europe, particularly in England, as opposed to countries like China. The first part of the course reviews and discusses the main theses that relates to given chapters in the theory of economic growth: trade and market integration, property rights and wage labor, institutions and state-building, finance, and colonialism. The second part of the course analyzes Western capitalism at its height and how it structured a new, integrated, global economy. This course also covers the issue of late industrialization and economic catch-up in the emerging economies at that time, such as Germany, before moving into the global goods and capital markets, colonization and imperialism, and the underlying fault-lines at work during the First Global Era that surfaced in the years immediately before and after World War I.

## Language(s) of Instruction

English

## **Host Institution Course Number**

**AECO 25A17** 

#### **Host Institution Course Title**

**GLOBAL ECONOMIC HISTORY** 

### **Host Institution Campus**

**Host Institution Faculty** 

#### **Host Institution Degree**

Lecture only

#### **Host Institution Department**

**Economics** 

Print