# **COURSE DETAIL**

## **ECONOMICS OF INFORMATION**

## **Country**

United Kingdom - England

#### **Host Institution**

University College London

## Program(s)

University College London

#### **UCEAP Course Level**

**Upper Division** 

## **UCEAP Subject Area(s)**

**Economics** 

#### **UCEAP Course Number**

152

#### **UCEAP Course Suffix**

#### **UCEAP Official Title**

**ECONOMICS OF INFORMATION** 

## **UCEAP Transcript Title**

**ECON OF INFORMATION** 

## **UCEAP Quarter Units**

6.00

#### **UCEAP Semester Units**

4.00

## **Course Description**

One often encounters situations in which two agents are involved in a mutual agreement. Invariably, one economic agent has more information about a characteristic that is relevant to the agreement, than the other. In this course, students study how agents deal with this information asymmetry by designing incentives and embedding them in contracts. Students also study the effects of information asymmetry on the prevailing market equilibrium. Applications of the theory include insurance, labor economics, industrial economics, and environmental economics.

### Language(s) of Instruction

English

#### **Host Institution Course Number**

ECON0029

#### **Host Institution Course Title**

**ECONOMICS OF INFORMATION** 

# **Host Institution Campus**

University College London

# **Host Institution Faculty**

**Host Institution Degree** 

## **Host Institution Department**

**Economics** 

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