# **COURSE DETAIL**

# RESEARCH SUBJECT - HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY: THE MIND HAS NO SEX? WOMEN PHILOSOPHERS OF THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURYVOLUME

**Country** Denmark

**Host Institution** University of Copenhagen

**Program(s)** University of Copenhagen

UCEAP Course Level Upper Division

UCEAP Subject Area(s) Philosophy

UCEAP Course Number

**UCEAP Course Suffix** 

UCEAP Official Title RESEARCH SUBJECT - HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY: THE MIND HAS NO SEX? WOMEN PHILOSOPHERS OF THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURYVOLUME

UCEAP Transcript Title WOMEN PHILSPHRS 17C

**UCEAP Quarter Units** 

6.00

#### **Course Description**

During the seventeenth century, many philosophical developments took place that still have an impact on the way we think today, be it in the realm of theoretical or of practical philosophy. However, it is also the time when more and more women participated in philosophical debates of their days; and François Poullain de la Barre (1647-1723) famously declared that "the mind has no sex". But women philosophers had to face serious obstacles when participating in the learned world. In this course, the focus is on the thought of three women philosophers of the seventeenth century, namely Arcangela Tarabotti (1604-1650), Elisabeth of Bohemia (1618-1680), and Anne Conway (1631-1679). Although they were engaged in different philosophical debates, they all illustrate the complex and problematic relation between sex, gender, and philosophy.

## Language(s) of Instruction

English

Host Institution Course Number HFIK03901U

### **Host Institution Course Title**

RESEARCH SUBJECT - HISTORY OF PHILOSOPHY: THE MIND HAS NO SEX? WOMEN PHILOSOPHERS OF THE SEVENTEENTH CENTURYVOLUME

### Host Institution Campus

Humanities

Host Institution Faculty

**Host Institution Degree** 

Host Institution Department Media, Cognition and Communication

<u>Print</u>