# **COURSE DETAIL**

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL GOVERNANCE 2**

# **Country**

Ireland

#### **Host Institution**

Trinity College Dublin

# Program(s)

Trinity College Dublin

#### **UCEAP Course Level**

**Upper Division** 

# **UCEAP Subject Area(s)**

Geography

#### **UCEAP Course Number**

154

#### **UCEAP Course Suffix**

#### **UCEAP Official Title**

**ENVIRONMENTAL GOVERNANCE 2** 

# **UCEAP Transcript Title**

**ENVRNMT GOVRNANCE 2** 

# **UCEAP Quarter Units**

5.00

#### **UCEAP Semester Units**

3.30

#### **Course Description**

There is little disagreement that far-reaching societal, technological, political, and economic transformations are required if we are to avoid the worst effects of global, anthropogenic environmental change. What form these transformations should take and who should take responsibility for them are, however, far from settled. This course considers some of the key conceptual debates and environmental conflicts arising in this context. Examination of these debates and conflicts demonstrate the contested and uneven nature of environmental change and the measures sought to address these changes. The course helps students develop a more nuanced, critical, and multi-disciplinary understanding of environmental change and the different, often contested, ways of responding to such changes. The course consists of weekly interactive lectures/seminars, guest lectures, and set readings. Lectures introduces students to key concepts and perspectives drawn from the broad field of political ecology. Each week part of the class is set aside for students to develop their research projects. These projects focus on a key area of environmental contestation in Ireland through a political ecology lens.

# Language(s) of Instruction

English

**Host Institution Course Number** 

GGU44977

**Host Institution Course Title** 

**ENVIRONMENTAL GOVERNANCE 2** 

**Host Institution Campus** 

**Host Institution Faculty** 

**Host Institution Degree** 

**Host Institution Department** 

Geography