# **COURSE DETAIL**

## **THE GLOBAL ECONOMY SINCE 1750**

## **Country**

United Kingdom - Scotland

#### **Host Institution**

University of Edinburgh

## Program(s)

University of Edinburgh

## **UCEAP Course Level**

**Upper Division** 

## **UCEAP Subject Area(s)**

**History Economics** 

### **UCEAP Course Number**

119

### **UCEAP Course Suffix**

#### **UCEAP Official Title**

THE GLOBAL ECONOMY SINCE 1750

## **UCEAP Transcript Title**

GLOBAL ECON 1750+

## **UCEAP Quarter Units**

8.00

#### **UCEAP Semester Units**

5.30

### **Course Description**

The initial focus is on the emergence of the industrial core and its relationship with the wider world. By 1914 the USA was the world industrial leader, with industrial output equal to that of France, Germany, and Britain combined. Accordingly the case of US economic development is considered in some detail. Global economic history is not just a history of the industrial core, though, and accordingly Chinese and Japanese economic history are also studied in some detail. In the 20th century, elements of the world economy disintegrated during the 1920s and 1930s, most especially the networks of trade and the international monetary system. This led to widespread depression, including in the USA, and students seek to understand what went wrong. The course concludes with a discussion of a second era of global economic expansion since 1945.

## Language(s) of Instruction

English

### **Host Institution Course Number**

ECSH08043

#### **Host Institution Course Title**

THE GLOBAL ECONOMY SINCE 1750

#### **Host Institution Course Details**

http://www.drps.ed.ac.uk/22-23/dpt/cxecsh08043.htm

### **Host Institution Campus**

University of Edinburgh

### **Host Institution Faculty**

School of History, Classics and Archaeology

### **Host Institution Degree**

#### **Host Institution Department**

#### **Course Last Reviewed**

2022-2023

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