COURSE DETAIL

POPULATION, RESOURCE, ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

Country

China

Host Institution

Fudan University

Program(s)

Fudan University

UCEAP Course Level

Upper Division

UCEAP Subject Area(s)

Economics

UCEAP Course Number

111

UCEAP Course Suffix

UCEAP Official Title

POPULATION, RESOURCE, ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

UCEAP Transcript Title

PPL RSRS ENVM&DVLP

UCEAP Quarter Units

3.00

UCEAP Semester Units

2.00

Course Description

This course is mainly through the introduction of economic perspectives and methods to analyze the relationship between population, resources and environment and economic development, including the relationship between population and economic development, how to effectively allocate resources, how to protect the environment and other issues, this course will be for each problem, from the concept of economics, introduce the corresponding theories and cases, combined with the latest cutting-edge research results to discuss.

This course adopts a hybrid teaching mode of online and offline, and the content of the online course is divided into 16 lectures. Online respectively the first lecture, introduction; Lecture 2 and 3, Fundamentals of Economic Theory; Fourth, the determinants of economic development level; Lecture 5, Population Development: Key Characteristics and Driving Forces; Lecture 6: Population Development and Economic Development; Lecture 7: Characteristics and Development of Resources; Lecture 8: Resources and Economic Development; Lecture 9: Characteristics and Evolution of Ecological Environment; Lecture 10: Ecological Environmental Protection and Economic Development; Lecture 11: Sustainable Development and China's Green Development. In class course is discussion sessions.

Language(s) of Instruction

Chinese

Host Institution Course Number

ECON110011

Host Institution Course Title

POPULATION, RESOURCE, ENVIRONMENT AND DEVELOPMENT

Host Institution Campus

Host Institution Faculty

Zhiqing LI

Host Institution Degree

Host Institution Department

School of Economics

<u>Print</u>