

# COURSE DETAIL

## INTRODUCTION TO LINGUISTICS

**Country**

Japan

**Host Institution**

Keio University

**Program(s)**

Keio University

**UCEAP Course Level**

Lower Division

**UCEAP Subject Area(s)**

Linguistics

**UCEAP Course Number**

79

**UCEAP Course Suffix****UCEAP Official Title**

INTRODUCTION TO LINGUISTICS

**UCEAP Transcript Title**

INTRO LINGUISTICS

**UCEAP Quarter Units**

3.00

**UCEAP Semester Units**

2.00

## Course Description

In the 1950s, Noam Chomsky revolutionized the study of linguistics by treating language as something produced by the human brain. From this change in perspective, the study of language became an indirect way of studying the human mind. In addition to opening new ways to approach the subject, this change also built a foundation for doing linguistics as a science. Grammar is seen not as a known set of rules that people need to study to learn but rather as the rules that result from the human mind trying to make sense of the language it is exposed to. This course looks at three sub-areas of linguistics from this perspective: morphology (the study of word structure), phonetics (the study of the physical sounds of language), and phonology (the study of the structure of sounds in language).

### Language(s) of Instruction

English

### Host Institution Course Number

N/A

### Host Institution Course Title

INTRODUCTION TO LINGUISTICS

### Host Institution Campus

Keio University

### Host Institution Faculty

### Host Institution Degree

### Host Institution Department

Humanities and Social Science

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